The blob complex

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slides: http://tqft.net/sunysb-blobs
paper: http://tqft.net/blobs

The blob complex

... homotopical topology and TQFT have grown so close that I have started thinking that they are turning into the language of new foundations.

- Yuri Manin, September 2008







What is the blob complex?



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Motivation: Khovanov homology as a 4d TQFT

Theorem

Khovanov homology gives a 4-category:

3-morphisms tangles, with the usual 3 operations,

4-morphisms $\operatorname{Hom}_{Kh}(T_1, T_2) = Kh(T_1 \cup \overline{T}_2)$, composition defined by saddle cobordisms

There is a corresponding 4-manifold invariant. Given $L \subset \partial W^4$, it associates a doubly-graded vector space $\mathcal{A}(W, L; Kh)$.

 $\mathcal{A}(B^4, L; Kh) \cong Kh(L)$

Computations are hard

The corresponding 4-manifold invariant is hard to compute, because the TQFT skein module construction breaks the exact triangle for resolving a crossing.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Kh\left(\swarrow\right) & \mathcal{A}\left(M,\swarrow\right) \\ \swarrow & & & & & \\ \swarrow & & & & & \\ Kh\left(\searrow \end{matrix}\right) \longrightarrow Kh\left(\bigstar\right) & \mathcal{A}\left(M,\swarrow\right) & \cdots & \mathcal{A}\left(M,\bigstar\right) \end{array}$$

There is a spectral sequence converging to 0 relating the blob homologies for the triangle of resolutions.

Conjecture

It may be possible to compute the skein module by first computing the entire blob homology.

n-categories

Defining *n*-categories is fraught with difficulties

For now, I'm not going to go into details; I'll draw 2-dimensional pictures, and rely on your intuition for pivotal 2-categories.

Later, I'll explain the notions of 'topological *n*-categories' and ' A_{∞} *n*-categories'.

- Defining *n*-categories: a choice of 'shape' for morphisms.
- We allow all shapes! A vector space for every ball.
- 'Strong duality' is integral in our definition.

Fields and pasting diagrams

Pasting diagrams

Fix an *n*-category with strong duality C. A *field* on \mathcal{M} is a pasting diagram drawn on \mathcal{M} , with cells labelled by morphisms from C.

Example ($C = TL_d$ the Temperley-Lieb category)



Given a pasting diagram on a ball, we can evaluate it to a morphism. We call the kernel the *null fields*.

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Background: TQFT invariants

Definition

A decapitated n + 1-dimensional TQFT associates a vector space $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{M})$ to each n-manifold \mathcal{M} .

('decapitated': no numerical invariants of n + 1-manifolds.)

If the manifold has boundary, we get a category. Objects are boundary data, $\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{M})}(x, y) = \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{M}; x, y)$.

We want to extend 'all the way down'. The *k*-category associated to the n - k-manifold \mathcal{Y} is $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{Y} \times B^k)$.

Definition

Given an n-category C, the associated TQFT is

 $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{M}) = \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M})/\ker ev,$

fields modulo fields which evaluate to zero inside some ball.

Definition of the blob complex, k = 0, 1

Motivation

A *local* construction, such that when \mathcal{M} is a ball, $\mathcal{B}_*(\mathcal{M}; \mathcal{C})$ is a resolution of $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{M}; \mathcal{C})$.

 $\mathcal{B}_0(\mathcal{M};\mathcal{C})=\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M})\text{, arbitrary pasting diagrams on }\mathcal{M}.$

$$\mathcal{B}_1(\mathcal{M};\mathcal{C}) = \mathbb{C} \left\{ (B, u, r) \mid egin{array}{c} B ext{ an embedded ball} \ u \in \mathcal{F}(B) ext{ in the kernel} \ r \in \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M} \setminus B) \end{array}
ight\}$$



 $d_1:(B,u,r)\mapsto u\circ r$

 $\mathcal{B}_0/\operatorname{\mathsf{im}}(d_1)\cong A(\mathcal{M};\mathcal{C})$

Definition, k = 2

$$\mathcal{B}_2 = \mathcal{B}_2^{\mathsf{disjoint}} \oplus \mathcal{B}_2^{\mathsf{nested}}$$





Definition, general case



k blobs, properly nested or disjoint, with "innermost" blobs labelled by pasting diagrams that evaluate to zero.

$$d_k: \mathcal{B}_k \to \mathcal{B}_{k-1} = \sum_i (-1)^i (\text{erase blob } i)$$

Hochschild homology

TQFT on S^1 is 'coinvariants'

$$\mathcal{A}(S^1, A) = \mathbb{C}\left\{ \bigcup_{b \in a}^{m} \right\} / \left\{ \bigcap_{a \in a}^{m} - \bigcap_{a \in a}^{m} \right\} = A/(ab - ba)$$

The Hochschild complex is 'coinvariants of the bar resolution'

$$\cdots
ightarrow A \otimes A \otimes A
ightarrow A \otimes A rac{m \otimes \mathsf{a} \mapsto \mathsf{m} \mathsf{a} - \mathsf{a} \mathsf{m}}{m \otimes \mathsf{a} \mapsto \mathsf{m} \mathsf{a} - \mathsf{a} \mathsf{m}} A$$

Theorem $(Hoch_*(A) \cong \mathcal{B}_*(S^1; A))$



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An action of $C_*(Homeo(\mathcal{M}))$

Theorem

There's a chain map

$$\mathcal{C}_*(\mathsf{Homeo}(\mathcal{M}))\otimes\mathcal{B}_*(\mathcal{M}) o\mathcal{B}_*(\mathcal{M}).$$

which is associative up to homotopy, and compatible with gluing.

Taking H_0 , this is the mapping class group acting on a TQFT skein module.

Gluing

$\mathcal{B}_*(Y imes [0,1])$ is naturally an A_∞ category

*m*₂: gluing $[0,1] \simeq [0,1] \cup [0,1]$

 m_k : reparametrising [0, 1]

If $Y \subset \partial X$ then $\mathcal{B}_*(X)$ is an A_∞ module over $\mathcal{B}_*(Y)$.

Theorem (Gluing formula)

When
$$Y \sqcup Y^{op} \subset \partial X$$
,
 $\mathcal{B}_*(X \bigcup_{Y} \cap) \cong \mathcal{B}_*(X) \bigotimes_{\mathcal{B}_*(Y)}^{A_{\infty}} \cap.$

In principle, we can compute blob homology from a handle decomposition, by iterated Hochschild homology.

Higher Deligne conjecture

Deligne conjecture

Chains on the little discs operad acts on Hochschild cohomology.

Call Hom_{$\mathcal{B}_*(\partial M)$} ($\mathcal{B}_*(\mathcal{M}), \mathcal{B}_*(\mathcal{M})$) 'blob cochains on \mathcal{M}' .

Theorem (Higher Deligne conjecture)

Chains on the *n*-dimensional fat graph operad acts on blob cochains.



Maps to a space

Fix a target space T. There is an A_{∞} *n*-category $\pi_{\leq n}^{\infty}(T)$ defined by $\pi_{\leq n}^{\infty}(T)(B) = C_*(Maps(B \to T)).$

Theorem

The blob complex recovers mapping spaces:

$$\mathcal{B}_*(M; \pi^\infty_{\leq n}(T)) \cong C_*(\mathsf{Maps}(M \to T))$$

This generalizes a result of Lurie: if T is n-1 connected, $\pi_{\leq n}^{\infty}(T)$ is an E_n -algebra and the blob complex is the same as his topological chiral homology.